

PPC 036 SERIES SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL

Supply Voltage	18 to 28 VDC
Supply Current	50 to 350 mA
Command Signal.....	0 to 10V or 4 to 20 mA
Command Type.....	Single Ended or Differential
Command Signal.....	4.99K Ω \pm 1.0% (Voltage)
Input Impedance	312 Ω \pm 0.1% (Current)
Analog Monitor Symbol,AMS	0 to 10V, Single Ended
Logic Monitor Signal, LMS.....	Two Types of Signals (See How To Order)
EMI / RFI Protection	Common Mode and High Frequency Noise Reduction

PNEUMATIC

Inlet Pressure*.....	120 PSI Maximum (for 10-100 Output Pressure)
Fluids	Air or Inert Gases
Lubrication	Not Required. However, if used, a medium aniline point oil is recommended
Output Pressure.....	0 to 10, 30, 45, 60, and 100
Overall Accuracy	\pm 1.5% Full Scale \pm .5% Full Scale \pm 2.5% Full Scale \pm .25% Full Scale
Flow Cv.....	.25, .30
Ports	1/8", 1/4" Tube Receptacle
Minimum Closed End Volume.....	1.0 cu. in.

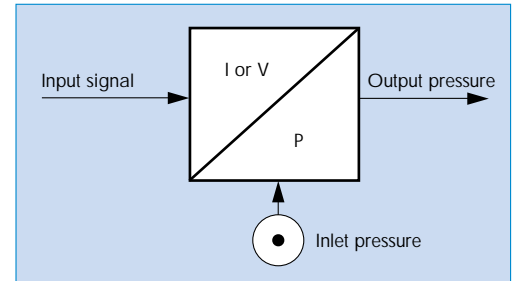
PHYSICAL

Enclosure.....	Aluminum Barstock, Sealed
Connector (Covered).....	3,5,6 or 7 Pin Plug-in or 7 Wire Grommet
Connector (Coverless)	Pin Terminal Block
Mounting.....	Any Plane
Vibration	Not Affected
Ambient Temperature Range	0 to 50°C (32° to 120°F)
Washdown (Covered Only).....	Standard

*20 psi Maximum Inlet for 10 psi Output Pressure.

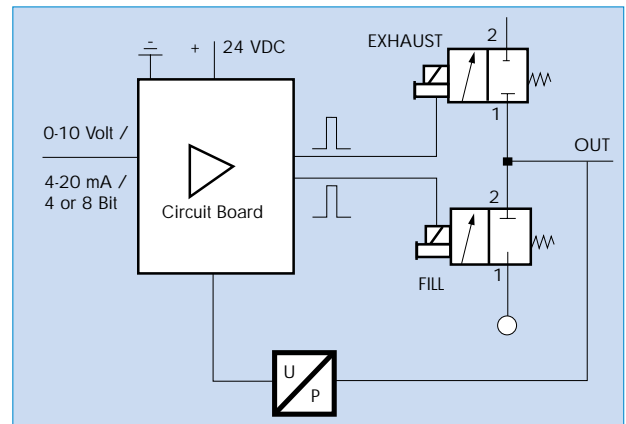
I. Introducing : Proportional Pressure Controller

The MAC Proportional Pressure Controller, (PPC) is an innovative product which converts an electrical signal into a proportional pneumatic output. The PPC is unlike conventional I/P or V/P transducers. It offers much more in terms of performance, features, and reliability.



The key to the MAC PPCs are two MAC 34, 45, 400, 47, 92 or 93 Series valves that are used to control the output pressure. The valves are operated by the PPCs closed loop electronic control circuit. Feedback is obtained from one or two transducers. The balanced poppet, fast response, and high flow of these two MAC Valves provide outstanding performance characteristics for the PPC.

The PPC controls output pressure by constantly measuring its down stream pressure and comparing it to the command signal. If a higher pressure is commanded the PPC quickly responds by actuating the MAC fill valve, increasing the output pressure until it is equal to the pressure represented by the command signal. Conversely, if a lower pressure is required, the PPC will energize the MAC exhaust valve, decreasing output pressure until the correct pressure is achieved. All of this happens very quickly to smoothly maintain the correct pressure.



This approach to pressure control provides a small, light, and cost effective unit. Unlike voice coil units, the PPC is not affected by vibration or mounting position. Unlike large direct solenoid proportional units, the PPC is small and light, drawing little power, and producing little heat. Unlike units that utilize unbalanced air valves, the PPCs balanced valves provide high flow and extremely fast and repeatable response times as well as eliminating “undershoot” and “overshoot” problems normally associated with unbalanced valve designed units. Other proportional products often incorporate valves from third party manufactures. All MAC PPCs utilize only fast shifting, repeatable, high flow, long life MAC Valves as fill and exhaust valves.

II. Configuration

The PPC is available in many configurations.

The PPC5C can be ordered with a single or dual transducer, with an analog or digital command signal, for pressure or vacuum service. All other PPCs can be ordered with a single transducer with an analog command signal.

Single transducer PPCs can be configured with internal sensing (stand alone) or with external sensing (e.g. for Proportional Multi-Pressure Pak®). Dual transducer PPCs are available for controlling other devices such as boosters.

PPCs with analog or digital command signal are chosen following the command device available for the application.

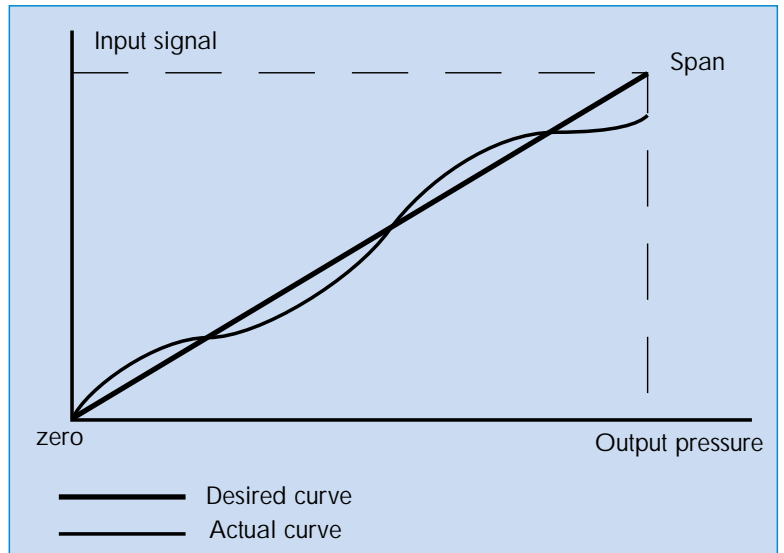
Most PPC Series are available as covered or coverless devices. Coverless PPCs are intended for use in cabinets or areas protected from moisture while covered PPCs can be used in unprotected environments (Washdown).

MAC offers a multitude of special modifications designed to meet customers specific application requirements. Please contact your local MAC distributor for consultation if our standard product options do not fulfill your requirements.

III. Specifications

LINEARITY

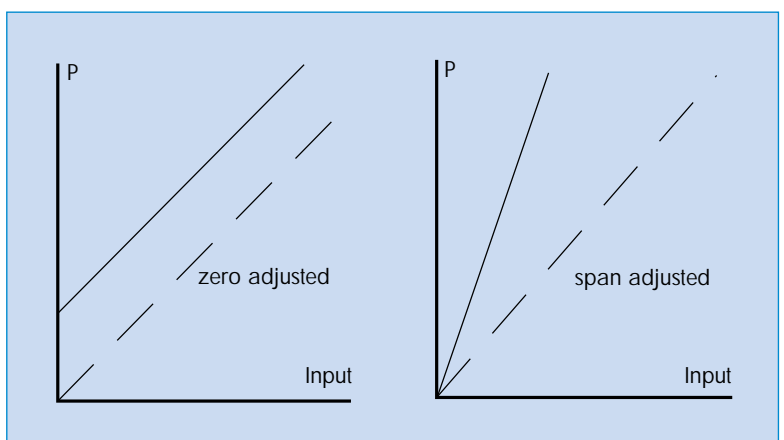
The linearity parameter shows the capability of the unit to follow the input signal according to an ideal straight line curve. MAC PPCs exhibit excellent linearity throughout the pressure range. The deviation is measured in \pm % of full scale.



LIMITS OF ADJUSTMENT

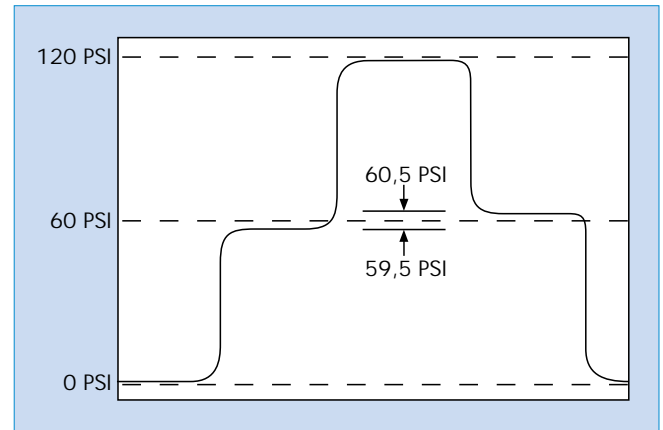
For single transducer models, two parameters can be adjusted. Primarily these should be set by the factory but can be done in the field if absolutely necessary. The first parameter is the ZERO adjust, the second is the SPAN adjust. These parameters provide the possibility of customizing the PPC according to customers needs. However these adjustments are limited due to the tolerances of the transducers. If adjustments are necessary, please consult the factory or your local distributor

Note: Dual transducer models are not field adjustable.



HYSTERESIS

The hysteresis error, sometimes called “deadband”, is the amount of output pressure variance required to cause the PPC to react, making a correction to the output pressure. It is given in percent of full scale pressure, all MAC PPC products perform with minimal hysteresis.



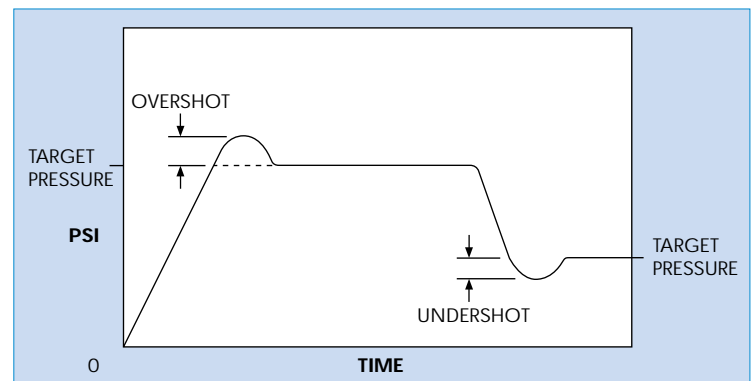
ACCURACY

MAC Valves states accuracy of the MAC PPCs as overall accuracy. Accuracy is expressed in percent of full scale, which includes hysteresis and linearity. Some suppliers give separate parameters in order to give a better impression. In this case hysteresis and linearity are added. MAC PPCs are extremely accurate and maintain excellent control of output pressure well within our stated accuracy.

OVERSHOOT – UNDERSHOOT

Two undesirable characteristics of other proportional control units available on the market are overshoot and undershoot.

Overshoot is a characteristic of the regulator to exceed the desired output pressure when the command signal is given. Undershoot is a characteristic of the regulator to fail to reach the desired output pressure.



The PPC is based on a closed loop design which combined with MACs fast responding, very repeatable, high flow, balanced 2-way valves, optimizes response and accuracy, practically eliminating overshoot and undershoot.

CLOSED END VOLUME

The closed end volume is the amount of volume needed to keep the PPC stable. If the closed volume to be filled is not appropriate for a particular PPC model (too small in comparison with the flow of air coming from the PPC), it will be very difficult to control the desired pressure inside this volume. So the PPC will be required to compensate for any small variation of pressure and the device will be unstable. This instability is sometimes referred to as “motorboating” or the continuous energizing and de-energizing of the fill and exhaust valves. Minimum volume requirements to prevent “motorboating” are listed for each PPC in this catalog for your reference.

IV. Command Signal Options

The PPC can be controlled with either an analog command signal or a digital command signal.

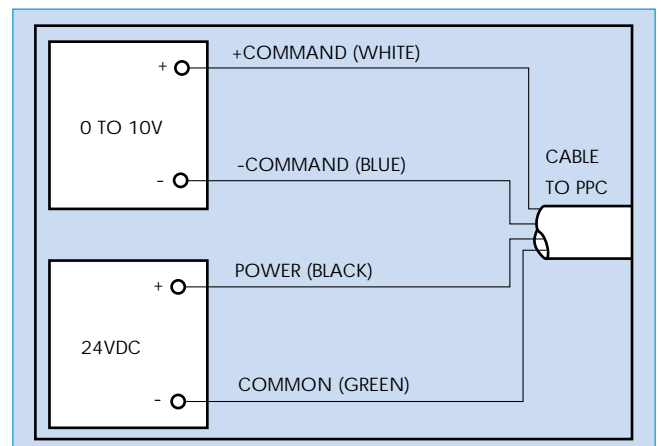
ANALOG COMMAND SIGNAL

The analog command signal can be either 0 – 10 VDC (voltage) or 4 – 20 mA (current).

Two wires are necessary to accept the command signal. The PPC measures the voltage differences between the two wires to determine the desired pressure output. Along with the command signals, a 24 VDC source must be available to operate the PPC. The return path for the 24VDC source and the return path for the command signal must not be isolated from each other. An example of how to wire the PPC with a differential command signal is shown below.

The major advantages of the command signal for the PPC are :

- Elimination of ground loop noise.
- Operation of multiple PPC's from a single power supply.
- Easy to connect to single-ended equipment.



DIGITAL COMMAND SIGNAL

The PPC, through the use of a converter board, accepts a digital command signal for 4-bit or 8-bit binary logic and converts this to an analog signal to produce a proportional pressure.

Using a 4-bit digital input, the maximum number of different pressures available at the output is 16. If an 8-bit digital input is specified, a much finer resolution (256 pressures at the output) can be obtained. For example, in a 100 PSI output system, using 4-bit logic, each bit is equal to 6.67 PSI. With an 8-bit digital, each bit is equal to .392 PSI

There are four different models available for the 4-bit and 8-bit digital PPC based on the type of input signal :

1. Positive Logic/Sourcing Input
3. Positive Logic/Sinking Input

2. Negative Logic/Sourcing Input
4. Negative Logic/Sinking Input

Positive Logic is defined as a minimum command level (all bits are logic low) controlling a minimum pressure output. For example, in a 4-bit system, a 0000 digital signal would correspond to zero psi and a 1111 digital signal would correspond to the maximum pressure.

Negative Logic is defined as a maximum command level (all bits are logic high) controlling a minimum pressure output. For example, in a 4-bit system, a 1111 digital signal would correspond to zero psi and a 0000 digital signal would correspond to the maximum pressure.

Sinking Input requires the digital voltage to be supplied by the controller connected to the input of the PPC. A command signal must be supplied by the external controller to the digital input connections. The PLC "drives" the PPC, by which a digital input (as opposed to analog) will control the output pressure.

Sourcing Input requires the PPC to produce the digital voltage. The controller connected to the input of the PPC is required to "pull the logic level down to zero" or to "maintain the logic level at one". "Zero" is considered that level of the signal which corresponds to the minimum value of the digital input supply (logic low). "One" is considered that level of the signal which corresponds to the maximum positive value of the digital input supply (logic high). In this case, the PPC "drives" the PLC. Again, a digital input will control the output pressure.

V. Monitor Signal Options

The PPC is available with two optional monitor signals. The Analog Monitor Signal (AMS), and the Logic Monitor Signal (LMS). The PPC may be ordered with either one or both of these signals. Monitor Signals provide intelligent feedback to the controlling device.

ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL -AMS-

The Analog Monitor Signal is a 0 to 10 VDC feedback signal that provides a voltage proportional to the pressure output of the PPC or the output of the device it is controlling. In the case of MACs Proportional Multi-Pressure Pak®, the AMS signal provides a voltage output proportional to the output pressure of the PMPP.

The AMS may be used by the controlling device to verify that the correct pressure has been achieved. Also, the AMS may be connected to a voltage meter to display the pressure output. In some applications, the AMS is fed into the analog input of a controller to provide data for Statistical Process Control. In either case, a high impedance input is required for proper operation.

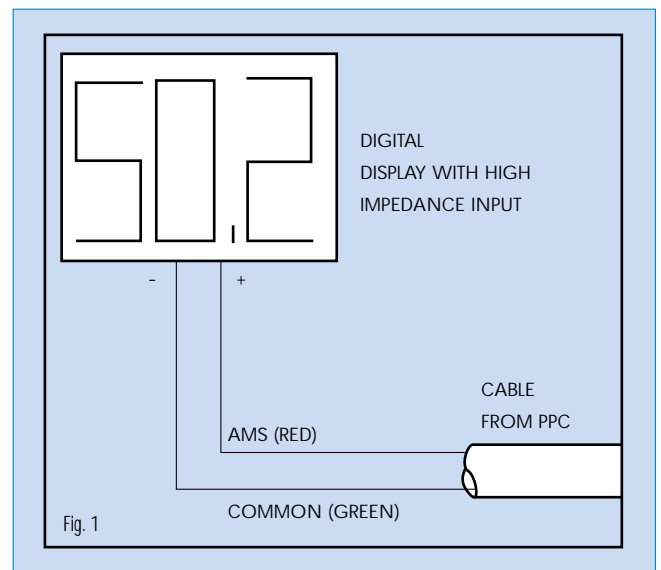


Figure 1, shows how to wire the AMS to a panel meter to display pressure output.

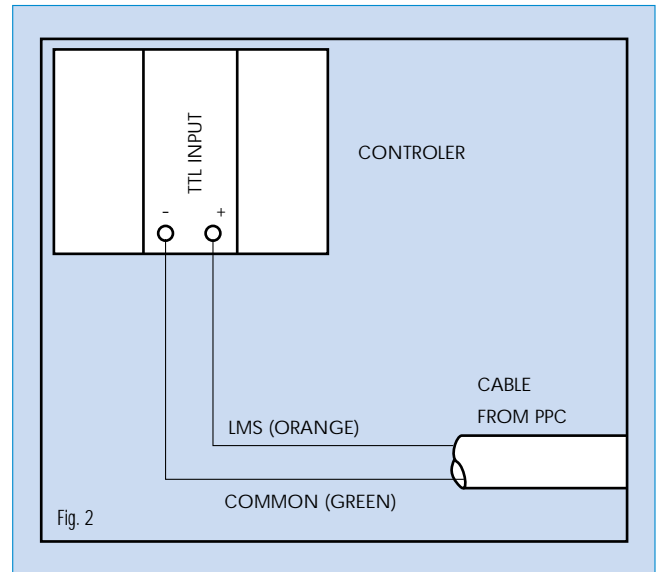
LOGIC MONITOR SIGNAL -LMS-

The Logic Monitor Signal provides digital feedback to confirm that the PPC has achieved the correct pressure. The LMS provides standard logic levels such as TTL (5V) or 24 VDC.

With the TTL option, when correct pressure is achieved, the LMS outputs a logic 1, (5 VDC). When the PPC is working, (Fill or Exhaust valve is in operation) the LMS outputs a logic 0, 0 VDC.

Figure 2 shows how to wire the LMS to a controller's TTL input.

The LMS provides a simple "go/no go" signal back to the controlling device. The LMS may also be used to turn on an L.E.D. for remote indication.

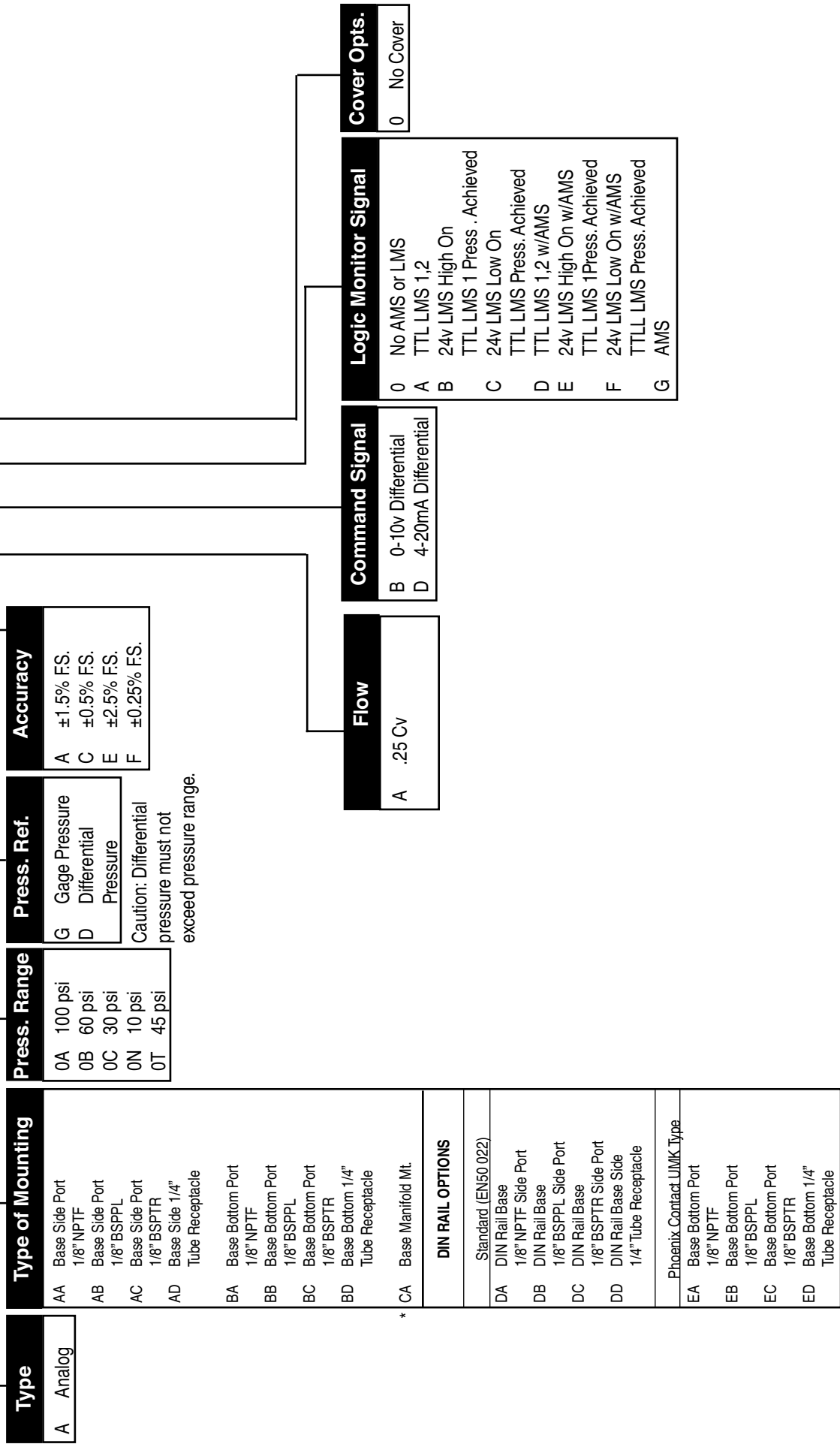


There also is a negative logic version (LMS) available. When the correct pressure is achieved, this option outputs a logic 0. When the PPC is working (fill or exhaust valve is in operation) the output is a logic 1. In either case, the LMS circuit is a sinking type of output. Thus, the PPC supplies the ground to the reading device.

How to Order - 36 Series PPC (Coverless)

PPC 036A - X XX - XX XX - X X X X - 9

Assembled to EPP Bar



Type
A Analog

Type of Mounting
AA Base Side Port 1/8" NPTF
AB Base Side Port 1/8" BSPPL
AC Base Side Port 1/8" BSPTR
AD Base Side 1/4" Tube Receptacle
BA Base Bottom Port 1/8" NPTF
BB Base Bottom Port 1/8" BSPPL
BC Base Bottom Port 1/8" BSPTR
BD Base Bottom 1/4" Tube Receptacle
CA Base Manifold Mt.

Press. Range
0A 100 psi
0B 60 psi
0C 30 psi
0N 10 psi
0T 45 psi

Press. Ref.
G Gage Pressure
D Differential Pressure

Caution: Differential pressure must not exceed pressure range.

Accuracy
A ±1.5% FS.
C ±0.5% FS.
E ±2.5% FS.
F ±0.25% FS.

Flow
A .25 Cv

Command Signal
B 0-10v Differential
D 4-20mA Differential

Logic Monitor Signal
0 No AMS or LMS
A TTL LMS 1,2
B 24v LMS High On
C TTL LMS 1 Press . Achieved
D 24v LMS Low On
E TTL LMS Press. Achieved
F TTL LMS 1,2 w/AMS
G 24v LMS High On w/AMS
H TTL LMS 1Press. Achieved
I 24v LMS Low On w/AMS
J TTL LMS Press. Achieved

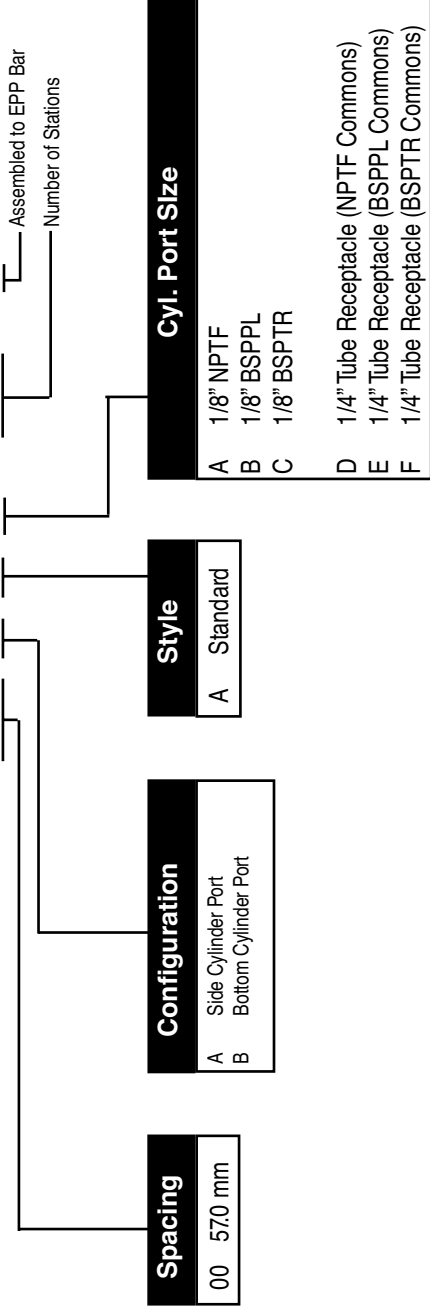
Cover Opts.
0 No Cover

DIN RAIL OPTIONS
Standard (EN50 022)
DA DIN Rail Base 1/8" NPTF Side Port
DB DIN Rail Base 1/8" BSPPL Side Port
DC DIN Rail Base 1/8" BSPTR Side Port
DD DIN Rail Base Side 1/4" Tube Receptacle
Phoenix Contact UMK Type
EA Base Bottom Port 1/8" NPTF
EB Base Bottom Port 1/8" BSPPL
EC Base Bottom Port 1/8" BSPTR
ED Base Bottom 1/4" Tube Receptacle

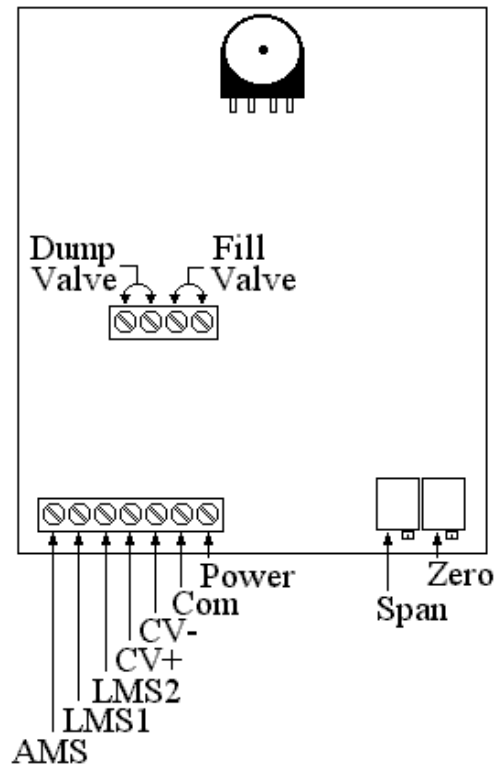
*See EPP 36A "How to Order"

How to Order - 36 Series EPP Circuit Bar

EPP 036A - XX X X X - XX - 9



COVERLESS PPC WIRING PIN OUT



AMS – ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL

- 0-10 VDC FEEDBACK SIGNAL THAT PROVIDES A VOLTAGE PROPORTIONAL TO THE OUTPUT PRESSURE

LMS 1 – LOGIC MONITOR SIGNAL

- 5 VDC (TTL HIGH), 24 VDC (HIGH), 5 VDC (LOW), OR 24 VDC (LOW) “GO/ NO GO” FEEDBACK SIGNAL (DEPENDING ON REQUIREMENTS)

LMS 2 – LOGIC MONITOR SIGNAL

- 5 VDC (TTL LOW), 24 VDC (HIGH), OR 24 VDC (LOW) “GO / NO GO FEEDBACK SIGNAL (DEPENDING ON REQUIREMENTS)

CV+ - POSITIVE COMMAND SIGNAL

- POSITIVE LEAD FOR THE 0 – 10 VDC OR 4-20 MA COMMAND SIGNAL (DEPENDS ON REQUIREMENTS)

CV- - NEGATIVE COMMAND SIGNAL

- NEGATIVE LEAD FOR THE 0 – 10 VDC OR 4 –20 MA COMMAND SIGNAL (DEPENDS ON REQUIREMENTS)

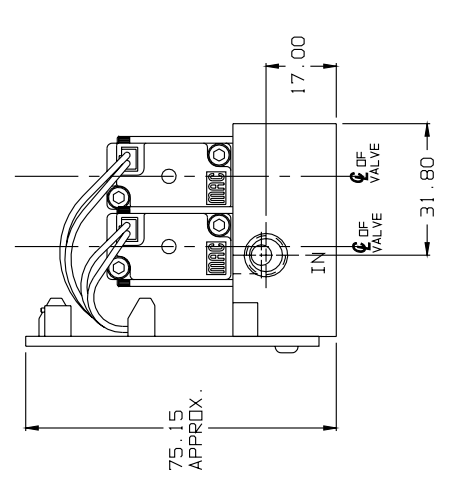
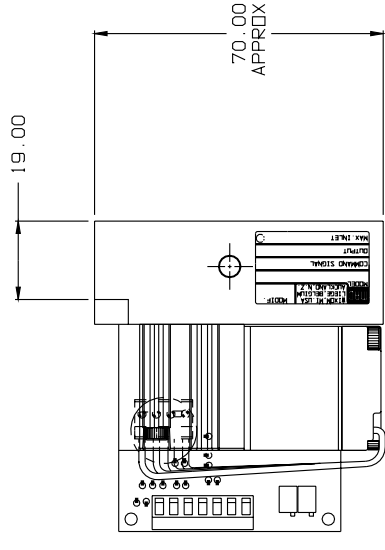
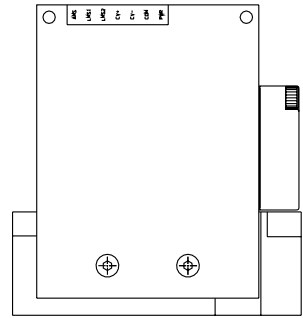
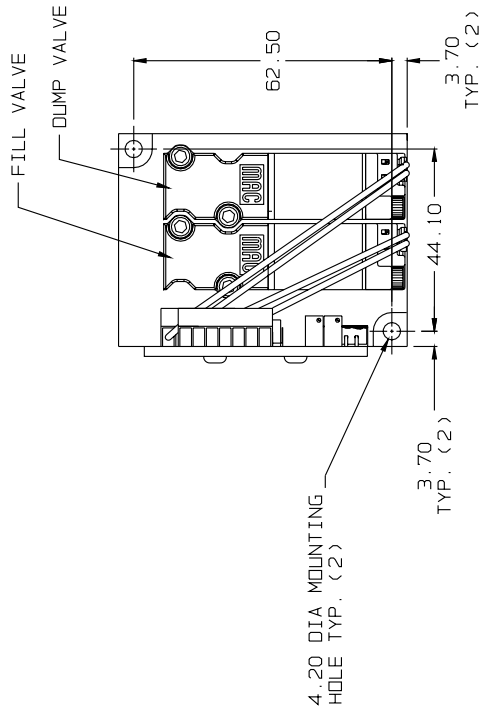
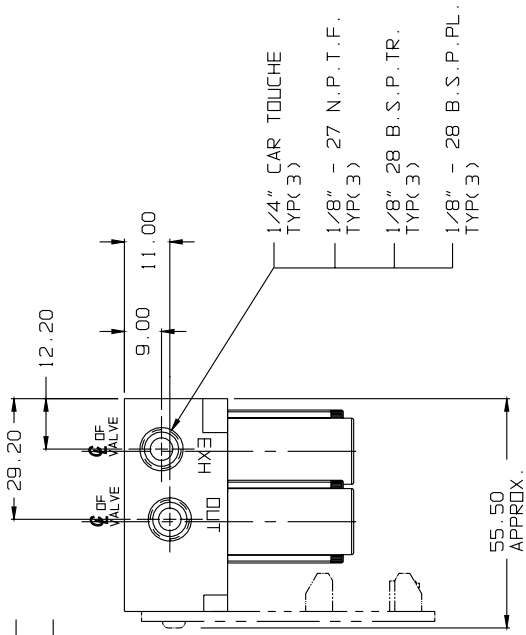
COM – MAIN POWER COMMON

- COMMON LEAD FOR THE 24 VDC POWER

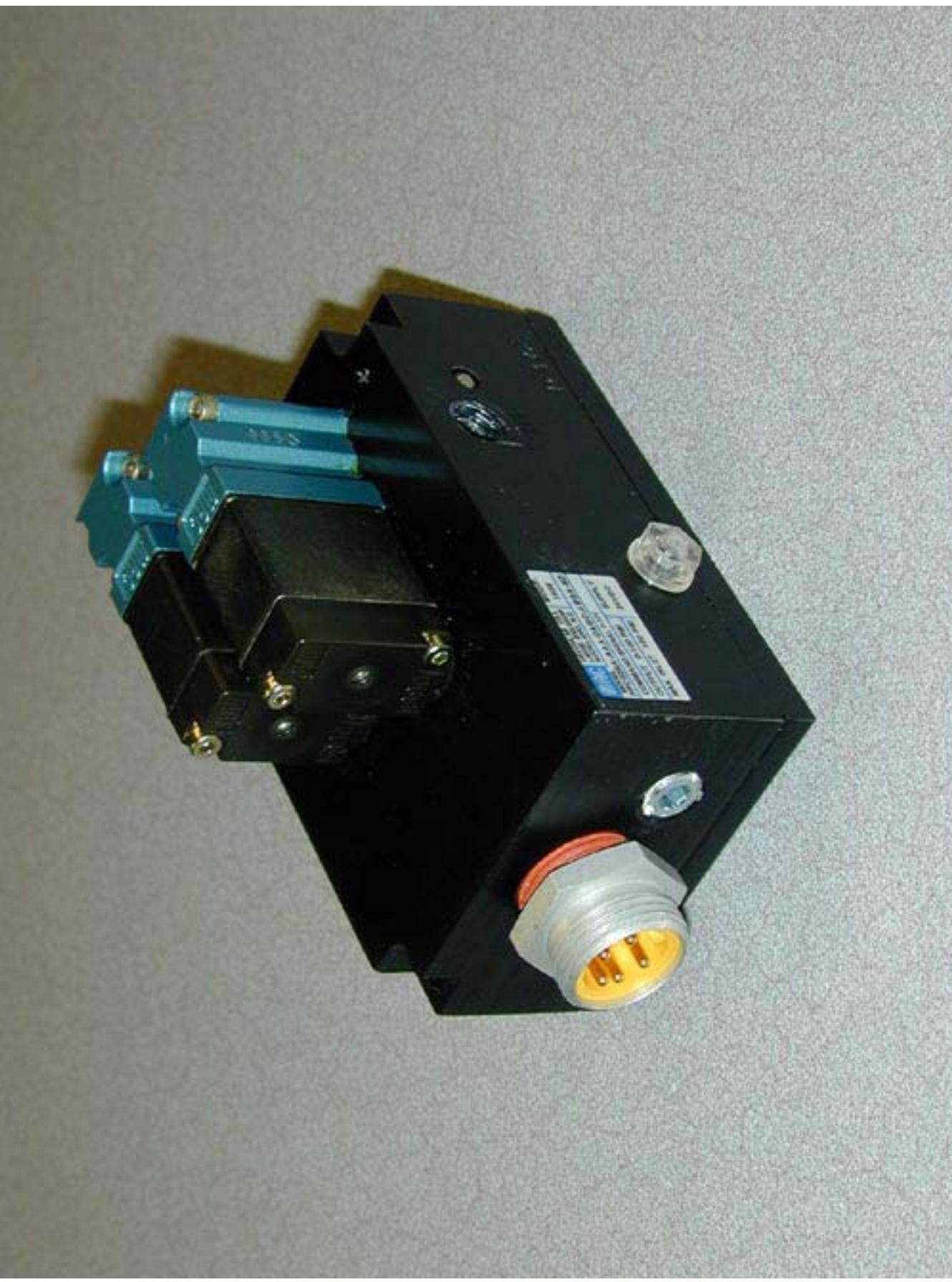
PWR – MAIN POWER

- POSITIVE LEAD FOR THE 24 VDC POWER

36 SERIES COVERLESS PPC



Covered PPC 36 Series



PPC 036 SERIES SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL

Supply Voltage	18 to 28 VDC
Supply Current	50 to 350 mA
Command Signal.....	0 to 10V or 4 to 20 mA
Command Type.....	Single Ended or Differential
Command Signal.....	4.99K Ω \pm 1.0% (Voltage)
Input Impedance	312 Ω \pm 0.1% (Current)
Analog Monitor Symbol,AMS	0 to 10V, Single Ended
Logic Monitor Signal, LMS.....	Two Types of Signals (See How To Order)
EMI / RFI Protection	Common Mode and High Frequency Noise Reduction

PNEUMATIC

Inlet Pressure*.....	120 PSI Maximum (for 10-100 Output Pressure)
Fluids	Air or Inert Gases
Lubrication	Not Required. However, if used, a medium aniline point oil is recommended
Output Pressure.....	0 to 10, 30, 45, 60, and 100
Overall Accuracy	\pm 1.5% Full Scale \pm .5% Full Scale \pm 2.5% Full Scale \pm .25% Full Scale
Flow Cv.....	.25, .30
Ports	1/8", 1/4" Tube Receptacle
Minimum Closed End Volume.....	1.0 cu. in.

PHYSICAL

Enclosure.....	Aluminum Barstock, Sealed
Connector (Covered).....	3,5,6 or 7 Pin Plug-in or 7 Wire Grommet
Connector (Coverless)	Pin Terminal Block
Mounting.....	Any Plane
Vibration	Not Affected
Ambient Temperature Range	0 to 50°C (32° to 120°F)
Washdown (Covered Only).....	Standard

*20 psi Maximum Inlet for 10 psi Output Pressure.

How to Order 36 Series PPC (Covered)

Basic Model

Signal and Connector Options (see below)

PPC 036B - X XX - XX X X X - X X X - X X

Type	Type of Mounting	Press. Range	Press. Ref.	Accuracy	Flow
A Analog	AA Base Side Port 1/8" NPTF AB Base Side Port 1/8" BSPPL AC Base Side Port 1/8" BSPTR AD Base Side Port 1/4" Tube Receptacle 1/8" NPTF Exh. AE Base Side Port 1/4" Tube Receptacle 1/8" BSPPL Exh. AF Base Side Port 1/4" Tube Receptacle 1/8" BSPTR Exh.	0A 100 psi 0B 60 psi 0C 30 psi 0N 10 psi 0T 45 psi	D Differential Pressure G Gage Pressure Caution: Differential pressure must not exceed pressure range.	A ±1.5% F.S. C ±0.5% F.S. E ±2.5% F.S. F ±0.25% F.S.	A .25 Cv B .30 Cv

Signal and Connector Options








X X X - X X

Command Signal	AMS/LMS Signal See note #1	Cover Opts.	Electrical Conn. See note #1	Cable Length
B 0-10v Differential D 4-20mA Differential	0 No AMS or LMS A TTL LMS 1,2 B 24v LMS 2 High On TTL LMS 1 Press . Achieved C 24v LMS Low On TTL LMS Press. Achieved D TTL LMS 1,2 w/AMS E 24v LMS 2 High On w/AMS TTL LMS 1 Press . Achieved F 24v LMS Low On w/AMS TTL LMS Press. Achieved G AMS	A Sealed Electrical & Electronic Components w/ Washdown Valves.	A 3 Pin Mini B 5 Pin Mini C 6 Pin Mini D 7 Pin Mini E 3 Pin Micro F 5 Pin Micro G 6 Pin Micro J 7 Wire Grommet (Cable Length Req.)	0 No Cable B 3 Feet D 6 Feet E 12 Feet

Note #1 (Options below are AMS/LMS signals)
 3 Pin Connector for Option 0
 5 Pin Connector for Option G
 6 Pin Connector for Options A,B,C
 7 Pin Connector for Options D,E,F
 7 Wire grommet for all AMS/LMS signals

Standard Plug-In Electrical Connections

PPC036B-XXX-XXXXX-(XXX-XX) Electrical Options

	PART NO. -(BDA-AX) -(DDA-AX)	3-PIN 1 COMMON 2 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 3 + COMMAND	MATING CORD GREEN BLACK WHITE
	PART NO. -(BDA-EX) -(DDA-EX)	3-PIN MICRO 1 COMMON 2 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 3 + COMMAND	MATING CORD GREEN RED W/BLACK TRACER RED W/WHITE TRACER
	PART NO. -(BGA-BX) -(DGA-BX)	5-PIN 1 + COMMAND 2 ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL 3 COMMON 4 - COMMAND 5 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC	MATING CORD WHITE RED GREEN ORANGE BLACK
	PART NO. -(BGA-FX) -(DGA-FX)	5-PIN MICRO 1 + COMMAND 2 ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL 3 COMMON 4 - COMMAND 5 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC	MATING CORD RED W/WHITE TRACER RED GREEN RED W/YELLOW TRACER RED W/BLACK TRACER
	PART NO. -(BAA-CX) -(DAA-CX)	6-PIN 1 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 2 - COMMAND 3 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 4 + COMMAND 5 LMS2: TTL (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 6 COMMON	MATING CORD ORANGE BLUE BLACK WHITE RED GREEN
	PART NO. -(BAA-GX) -(DAA-GX)	6-PIN MICRO 1 + COMMAND 2 LMS2: TTL (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 3 COMMON 4 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 5 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 6 - COMMAND	MATING CORD RED W/WHITE TRACER RED GREEN RED W/YELLOW TRACER RED W/BLACK TRACER RED W/BLUE TRACER
	PART NO. -(BBA-CX) -(DBA-CX)	6-PIN 1 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 2 - COMMAND 3 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 4 + COMMAND 5 LMS2: 24V (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 6 COMMON	MATING CORD ORANGE BLUE BLACK WHITE RED GREEN

Standard Plug-In Electrical Connections

PPC036B-XXX-XXXXX-(XXX-XX) Electrical Options

	PART NO. -(BBA-GX) -(OBA-GX)	6-PIN MICRO 1 + COMMAND 2 LMS2: 24V (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 3 COMMON 4 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 5 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 6 - COMMAND	MATING CORD RED W/WHITE TRACER RED GREEN RED W/YELLOW TRACER RED W/BLACK TRACER RED W/BLUE TRACER
	PART NO. -(BCA-CX) -(OCA-CX)	6-PIN 1 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 2 - COMMAND 3 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 4 + COMMAND 5 LMS2: 24V (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 6 COMMON	MATING CORD ORANGE BLUE BLACK WHITE RED GREEN
	PART NO. -(BCA-GX) -(OCA-GX)	6-PIN MICRO 1 + COMMAND 2 LMS2: 24V (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 3 COMMON 4 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 5 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 6 - COMMAND	MATING CORD RED W/WHITE TRACER RED GREEN RED W/YELLOW TRACER RED W/BLACK TRACER RED W/BLUE TRACER
	PART NO. -(BDA-DX) -(ODA-DX)	7-PIN 1 LMS2: TTL (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 2 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 3 + COMMAND 4 ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL 5 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 6 - COMMAND 7 COMMON	MATING CORD WHITE W/BLACK TRACER BLACK WHITE RED ORANGE BLUE GREEN
	PART NO. -(BEA-DX) -(DEA-DX)	7-PIN 1 LMS2: 24V (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 2 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 3 + COMMAND 4 ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL 5 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 6 - COMMAND 7 COMMON	MATING CORD WHITE W/BLACK TRACER BLACK WHITE RED ORANGE BLUE GREEN
	PART NO. -(BFA-DX) -(DFA-DX)	7-PIN 1 LMS2: 24V (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 2 POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC 3 + COMMAND 4 ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL 5 LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) 6 - COMMAND 7 COMMON	MATING CORD WHITE W/BLACK TRACER BLACK WHITE RED ORANGE BLUE GREEN

Standard Wire Grommet Electrical Connections

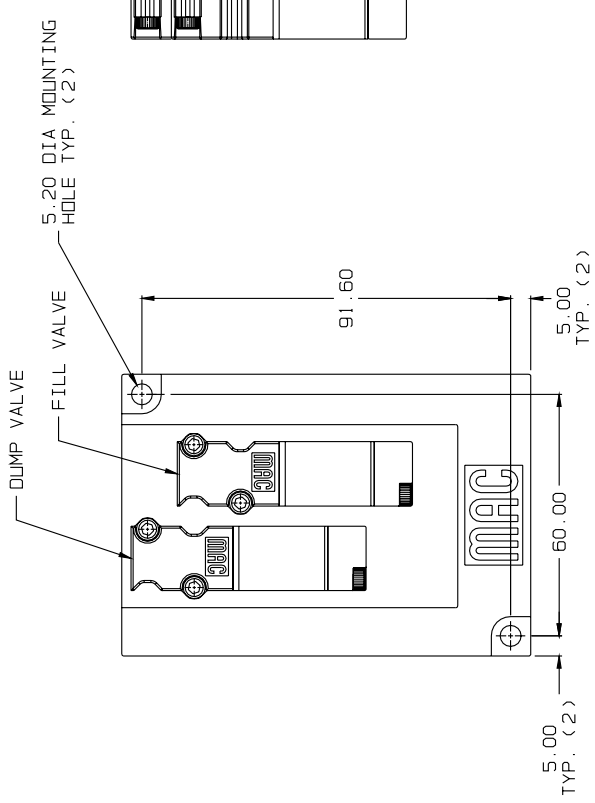
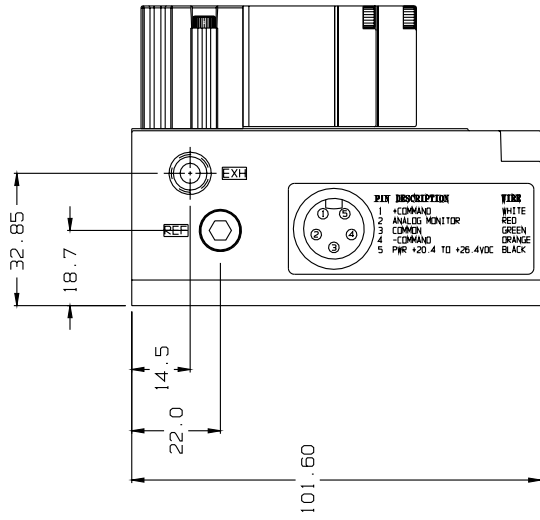
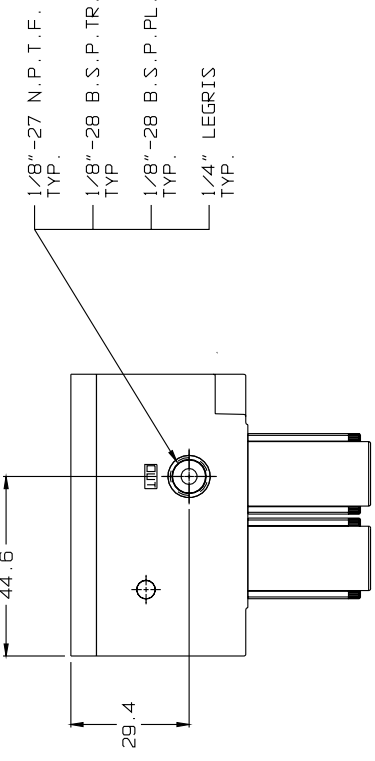
PPC036B-XXX-XXXXX-(XXX-XX) Electrical Options

PART NO. -(BDA-JX) -(DDA-JX)	4-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE -BROWN (NOT USED) -ORANGE (NOT USED) -RED (NOT USED)
PART NO. -(BGA-JX) -(DGA-JX)	5-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE RED -BROWN (NOT USED) -ORANGE (NOT USED)
PART NO. -(BAA-JX) -(DAA-JX)	6-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND LMS2: TTL (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED)	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE BROWN ORANGE -RED (NOT USED)
PART NO. -(BBA-JX) -(DBA-JX)	6-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND LMS2: 24V (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED)	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE BROWN ORANGE -RED (NOT USED)
PART NO. -(BCA-JX) -(DCA-JX)	6-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND LMS2: 24V (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED)	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE BROWN ORANGE -RED (NOT USED)
PART NO. -(BDA-JX) -(DDA-JX)	7-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND LMS2: TTL (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE BROWN ORANGE RED
PART NO. -(BEA-JX) -(DEA-JX)	7-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND LMS2: 24V (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE BROWN ORANGE RED
PART NO. -(BFA-JX) -(DFA-JX)	7-WIRES POWER +20.4 TO +26.4VDC COMMON - COMMAND + COMMAND LMS2: 24V (LOW=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) LMS1: TTL (HIGH=PRESSURE ACHIEVED) ANALOG MONITOR SIGNAL	WIRE COLOR BLACK GREEN BLUE WHITE BROWN ORANGE RED

NOTES:

1. ALL UNITS WITH ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR OPTION "J" (LISTED ABOVE) ARE FACTORY EQUIPPED WITH A 7-WIRE GROMMET AND WIRES NOT USED ARE TRIMMED OFF TO ENDS OF CABLE
2. VARIABLE "X" = CABLE LENGTH

36 SERIES COVERED PPC



- 3 - PIN BRAD H
- 5 - PIN BRAD H
- 6 - PIN BRAD H
- 7 - PIN BRAD H
- 3 - PIN MICRO BRAD H
- 5 - PIN MICRO BRAD H
- 6 - PIN MICRO BRAD H

